Excerpt from the Diary of Samuel Pepys, concerning the Great Fire of London

Saturday 1 September 1666

Up and at the office all the morning, and then dined at home. Got my new closet made mighty clean against to-morrow. Sir W. Pen and my wife and Mercer and I to “Polichinelly,” but were there horribly frightened to see Young Killigrew come in with a great many more young sparks; but we hid ourselves, so as we think they did not see us. By and by, they went away, and then we were at rest again; and so, the play being done, we to Islington, and there eat and drank and mighty merry; and so home singing, and, after a letter or two at the office, to bed.

Sunday 2 September 1666

(Lord’s day). Some of our mayds sitting up late last night to get things ready against our feast to-day, Jane called us up about three in the morning, to tell us of a great fire they saw in the City. So I rose and slipped on my nightgowne, and went to her window, and thought it to be on the backside of Marke-lane at the farthest; but, being unused to such fires as followed, I thought it far enough off; and so went to bed again and to sleep. About seven rose again to dress myself, and there looked out at the window, and saw the fire not so much as it was and further off. So to my closett to set things to rights after yesterday’s cleaning. By and by Jane comes and tells me that she hears that above 300 houses have been burned down to-night by the fire we saw, and that it is now burning down all Fish-street, by London Bridge. So I made myself ready presently, and walked to the Tower, and there got up upon one of the high places, Sir J. Robinson’s little son going up with me; and there I did see the houses at that end of the bridge all on fire, and an infinite great fire on this and the other side the end of the bridge; which, among other people, did trouble me for poor little Michell and our Sarah on the bridge. So down, with my heart full of trouble, to the Lieutenant of the Tower, who tells me that it begun this morning in the King’s baker’s house in Pudding-lane, and that it hath burned St. Magnus’s Church and most part of Fish-street already. So I down to the water-side, and there got a boat and through bridge, and there saw a lamentable fire. Poor Michell’s house, as far as the Old Swan, already burned that way, and the fire running further, that in a very little time it got as far as the Steelyard, while I was there. Everybody endeavouring to remove their goods, and flinging into the river or bringing them into lighters that layoff; poor people staying in their houses as long as till the very fire touched them, and then running into boats, or clambering from one pair of stairs by the water-side to another. And among other things, the poor pigeons, I perceive, were loth to leave their houses, but hovered about the windows and balconys till they were, some of them burned, their wings, and fell down.

Having staid, and in an hour’s time seen the fire: rage every way, and nobody, to my sight, endeavouring to quench it, but to remove their goods, and leave all to the fire, and having seen it get as far as the Steele-yard, and the wind mighty high and driving it into the City; and every thing, after so long a drought, proving combustible, even the very stones of churches, and among other things the poor steeple by which pretty Mrs. ———— lives, and whereof my old school-fellow Elborough is parson, taken fire in the very top, an there burned till it fell down: I to White Hall (with a gentleman with me
who desired to go off from the Tower, to see the fire, in my boat); to White Hall, and there up to the
Kings closett in the Chappell, where people come about me, and did give them an account dismayed
them all, and word was carried in to the King. So I was called for, and did tell the King and Duke of Yorke
what I saw, and that unless his Majesty did command houses to be pulled down nothing could stop the
fire. They seemed much troubled, and the King commanded me to go to my Lord Mayor —[Sir Thomas
Bludworth. See June 30th, 1666.]— from him, and command him to spare no houses, but to pull down
before the fire every way. The Duke of York bid me tell him that if he would have any more soldiers he
shall; and so did my Lord Arlington afterwards, as a great secret.1 Here meeting, with Captain Cocke, I in
his coach, which he lent me, and Creed with me to Paul’s, and there walked along Watlingstreet, as well
as I could, every creature coming away loaden with goods to save, and here and there sicke people
carried away in beds. Extraordinary good goods carried in carts and on backs. At last met my Lord Mayor
in Canningstreet, like a man spent, with a handkercher about his neck. To the King’s message he cried,
like a fainting woman, “Lord! what can I do? I am spent: people will not obe
that, for himself, he must go and refresh himself, having been up all night. So he left me, and I him, and
walked home, seeing people all almost distracted, and no manner of means used to quench the fire. The
houses, too, so very thick thereabouts, and full of matter for burning, as pitch and tarr, in Thames-
street; and warehouses of oyle, and wines, and brandy, and other things. Here I saw Mr. Isaake Houblon,
the handsome man, prettily dressed and dirty, at his door at Dowgate, receiving some of his brothers’
things, whose houses were on fire; and, as he says, have been removed twice already; and he doubts (as
it soon proved) that they must be in a little time removed from his house also, which was a sad
consideration. And to see the churches all filling with goods by people who themselves should have
been quietly there at this time.

By this time it was about twelve o’clock; and so home, and there find my guests, which was Mr. Wood
and his wife Barbary Sheldon, and also Mr. Moons: she mighty fine, and her husband; for aught I see, a
likely man. But Mr. Moone’s design and mine, which was to look over my closett and please him with
the sight thereof, which he hath long desired, was wholly disappointed; for we were in great trouble and
disturbance at this fire, not knowing what to think of it. However, we had an extraordinary good dinner,
and as merry, as at this time we could be.

While at dinner Mrs. Batelier come to enquire after Mr. Woolfe and Stanes (who, it seems, are related
to them), whose houses in Fish-street are all burned; and they in a sad condition. She would not stay in
the fright.

Soon as dined, I and Moone away, and walked, through the City, the streets full of nothing but people
and horses and carts loaden with goods, ready to run over one another, and, removing goods from one
burned house to another. They now removing out of Canning-streets (which received goods in the
morning) into Lumbard-streets, and further; and among others I now saw my little goldsmith, Stokes,
receiving some friend’s goods, whose house itself was burned the day after. We parted at Paul’s; he
home, and I to Paul’s Wharf, where I had appointed a boat to attend me, and took in Mr. Carcasse and
his brother, whom I met in the streets and carried them below and above bridge to and again to see the
fire, which was now got further, both below and above and no likelihood of stopping it. Met with the
King and Duke of York in their barge, and with them to Queenhith and there called Sir Richard Browne to
them. Their order was only to pull down houses apace, and so below bridge the water-side; but little
was or could be done, the fire coming upon them so fast. Good hopes there was of stopping it at the
Three Cranes above, and at Buttolph’s Wharf below bridge, if care be used; but the wind carries it into
the City so as we know not by the water-side what it do there. River full of lighters and boats taking in
goods, and good goods swimming in the water, and only I observed that hardly one lighter or boat in
three that had the goods of a house in, but there was a pair of Virginalls in it. Having seen as much as I
could now, I away to White Hall by appointment, and there walked to St. James’s Parks, and there met
my wife and Creed and Wood and his wife, and walked to my boat; and there upon the water again, and
to the fire up and down, it still encreasing, and the wind great. So near the fire as we could for smoke;
and all over the Thames, with one’s face in the wind, you were almost burned with a shower of
firedrops. This is very true; so as houses were burned by these drops and flakes of fire, three or four,
nay, five or six houses, one from another. When we could endure no more upon the water; we to a little
ale-house on the Bankside, over against the Three Cranes, and there staid till it was dark almost, and
saw the fire grow; and, as it grew darker, appeared more and more, and in corners and upon steeple,
and between churches and houses, as far as we could see up the hill of the City, in a most horrid
malicious bloody flame, not like the fine flame of an ordinary fire. Barbary and her husband away before
us. We staid till, it being darkish, we saw the fire as only one entire arch of fire from this to the other
side the bridge, and in a bow up the hill for an arch of above a mile long: it made me weep to see it. The
churches, houses, and all on fire and flaming at once; and a horrid noise the flames made, and the
cracking of houses at their ruins. So home with a sad heart, and there find every body discoursing and
lamenting the fire; and poor Tom Hater come with some few of his goods saved out of his house, which
is burned upon Fish-streets Hill. I invited him to lie at my house, and did receive his goods, but was
deceived in his lying there, the newes coming every moment of the growth of the fire; so as we were
forced to begin to pack up our owne goods; and prepare for their removal; and did by moonshine (it
being brave dry, and moon shine, and warm weather) carry much of my goods into the garden, and Mr.
Hater and I did remove my money and iron chests into my cellar, as thinking that the safest place. And
my bags of gold into my office, ready to carry away, and my chief papers of accounts also there, and
my tallys into a box by themselves. So great was our fear, as Sir W. Batten hath carts come out of the
country to fetch away his goods this night. We did put Mr. Hater, poor man, to bed a little; but he got
but very little rest, so much noise being in my house, taking down of goods.

Sir William Coventry wrote to Lord Arlington on the evening of this day, “The Duke of York fears the
want of workmen and tools to-morrow morning, and wishes the deputy lieutenants and justices of
peace to summon the workmen with tools to be there by break of day. In some churches and chapels
are great hooks for pulling down houses, which should be brought ready upon the place to-night against
the morning” (“Calendar of State Papers,” 1666-66, p. 95).
Monday 3 September 1666

About four o’clock in the morning, my Lady Batten sent me a cart to carry away all my money, and plate, and best things, to Sir W. Rider’s at Bednall-greene. Which I did riding myself in my night-gowne in the cart; and, Lord! to see how the streets and the highways are crowded with people running and riding, and getting of carts at any rate to fetch away things. I find Sir W. Rider tired with being called up all night, and receiving things from several friends. His house full of goods, and much of Sir W. Batten’s and Sir W. Pen’s. I am eased at my heart to have my treasure so well secured. Then home, with much ado to find a way, nor any sleep all this night to me nor my poor wife. But then and all this day she and I, and all my people labouring to get away the rest of our things, and did get Mr. Tooker to get me a lighter to take them in, and we did carry them (myself some) over Tower Hill, which was by this time full of people’s goods, bringing their goods thither; and down to the lighter, which lay at next quay, above the Tower Docke. And here was my neighbour’s wife, Mrs. ———, with her pretty child, and some few of her things, which I did willingly give way to be saved with mine; but there was no passing with any thing through the postern, the crowd was so great.

The Duke of Yorke of this day by the office, and spoke to us, and did ride with his guard up and down the City, to keep all quiet (he being now Generall, and having the care of all).

This day, Mercer being not at home, but against her mistress’s order gone to her mother’s, and my wife going thither to speak with W. Hewer, met her there, and was angry; and her mother saying that she was not a ‘prentice girl, to ask leave every time she goes abroad, my wife with good reason was angry, and, when she came home, bid her be gone again. And so she went away, which troubled me, but yet less than it would, because of the condition we are in, fear of coming into in a little time of being less able to keepe one in her quality. At night lay down a little upon a quilt of W. Hewer’s in the office, all my owne things being packed up or gone; and after me my poor wife did the like, we having fed upon the remains of yesterday’s dinner, having no fire nor dishes, nor any opportunity of dressing any thing.

Tuesday 4 September 1666

Up by break of day to get away the remainder of my things; which I did by a lighter at the Iron gate and my hands so few, that it was the afternoon before we could get them all away.

Sir W. Pen and I to Tower-streeete, and there met the fire burning three or four doors beyond Mr. Howell’s, whose goods, poor man, his trayes, and dishes, shovells, &c., were flung all along Tower-street in the kennels, and people working therewith from one end to the other; the fire coming on in that narrow streete, on both sides, with infinite fury. Sir W. Batten not knowing how to remove his wine, did dig a pit in the garden, and laid it in there; and I took the opportunity of laying all the papers of my office that I could not otherwise dispose of. And in the evening Sir W. Pen and I did dig another, and put our wine in it; and I my Parmazan cheese, as well as my wine and some other things.
The Duke of Yorke was at the office this day, at Sir W. Pen’s; but I happened not to be within. This afternoon, sitting melancholy with Sir W. Pen in our garden, and thinking of the certain burning of this office, without extraordinary means, I did propose for the sending up of all our workmen from Woolwich and Deptford yards (none whereof yet appeared), and to write to Sir W. Coventry to have the Duke of Yorke’s permission to pull down houses, rather than lose this office, which would, much hinder, the King’s business. So Sir W. Pen he went down this night, in order to the sending them up to-morrow morning; and I wrote to Sir W. Coventry about the business, but received no answer.

This night Mrs. Turner (who, poor woman, was removing her goods all this day, good goods into the garden, and knows not how to dispose of them), and her husband supped with my wife and I at night, in the office; upon a shoulder of mutton from the cook’s, without any napkin or any thing, in a sad manner, but were merry. Only now and then walking into the garden, and saw how horridly the sky looks, all on a fire in the night, was enough to put us out of our wits; and, indeed, it was extremely dreadful, for it looks just as if it was at us; and the whole heaven on fire. I after supper walked in the darke down to Tower-streete, and there saw it all on fire, at the Trinity House on that side, and the Dolphin Taverne on this side, which was very near us; and the fire with extraordinary vehemence. Now begins the practice of blowing up of houses in Tower-streete, those next the Tower, which at first did frighten people more than anything, but it stopped the fire where it was done, it bringing down the houses to the ground in the same places they stood, and then it was easy to quench what little fire was in it, though it kindled nothing almost. W. Hewer this day went to see how his mother did, and comes late home, telling us how he hath been forced to remove her to Islington, her house in Pye-corner being burned; so that the fire is got so far that way, and all the Old Bayly, and was running down to Fleete-streete; and Paul’s is burned, and all Cheapside. I wrote to my father this night, but the post-house being burned, the letter could not go.

A copy of this letter, preserved among the Pepys MSS. in the author’s own handwriting, is subjoined:

SIR, The fire is now very neere us as well on Tower Streete as Fanchurch Street side, and we little hope of our escape but by this remedy, to ye want whereof we doe certainly owe ye loss of ye City namely, ye pulling down of houses, in ye way of ye fire. This way Sir W. Pen and myself have so far concluded upon ye practising, that he is gone to Woolwich and Deptford to supply himself with men and necessarys in order to the doing thereof, in case at his returne our condition be not bettered and that he meets with his R. Hs. approbation, which I had thus undertaken to learn of you. Pray please to let me have this night (at whatever hour it is) what his R. Hs. directions are in this particular; Sir J. Minnes and Sir W. Batten having left us, we cannot add, though we are well assured of their, as well as all ye neighbourhood’s concurrence.

Yr. obedient servnt. S. P.
Sir W. Coventry, Septr. 4, 1666.

J. Hickes wrote to Williamson on September 3rd from the “Golden Lyon,” Red Cross Street Posthouse. Sir Philip [Frowde] and his lady fled from the [letter] office at midnight for: safety; stayed himself till 1 am. till his wife and childrens’ patience could stay, no longer, fearing lest they should be quite stopped up; the passage was so tedious they had much ado to get where they are. The Chester and Irish, mails have come-in; sends him his letters, knows not how to dispose of the business (“Calendar of State Papers,” 1666-67, p. 95).

Wednesday 5 September 1666

I lay down in the office again upon W. Hewer’s, quilt, being mighty weary, and sore in my feet with going till I was hardly able to stand. About two in the morning my wife calls me up and tells me of new cryes of fire, it being come to Barkeing Church, which is the bottom of our lane. I up, and finding it so, resolved presently to take her away, and did, and took my gold, which was about 2350l., W. Hewer, and Jane, down by Proundy’s boat to Woolwich; but, Lord! what sad sight it was by moone-light to see, the whole City almost on fire, that you might see it plain at Woolwich, as if you were by it. There, when I come, I find the gates shut, but no guard kept at all, which troubled me, because of discourse now begun, that there is plot in it, and that the French had done it. I go to the gates open, and to Mr. Shelden’s, where I locked up my gold, and charged my wife and W. Hewer never to leave the room without one of them in it, night, or day. So back again, by the way seeing my goods well in the lighters at Deptford, and watched well by people. Home; and whereas I expected to have seen our house on fire, it being now about seven o’clock, it was not. But to the fyre, and there find greater hopes than I expected; for my confidence of finding our Office on fire was such, that I durst not ask any body how it was with us, till I come and saw it not burned. But going to the fire, I find by the blowing up of houses, and the great helpe given by the workmen out of the King’s yards, sent up by Sir W. Pen, there is a good stop given to it, as well as at Marke-lane end as ours; it having only burned the dyall of Barking Church, and part of the porch, and was there quenched. I up to the top of Barking steeple, and there saw the saddest sight of desolation that I ever saw; every where great fires, oyle-cellars, and brimstone, and other things burning. I became afeard to stay there long, and therefore down again as fast as I could, the fire being spread as far as I could see it; and to Sir W. Pen’s, and there eat a piece of cold meat, having eaten nothing since Sunday, but the remains of Sunday’s dinner.

Here I met with Mr. Young and Whistler; and having removed all my things, and received good hopes that the fire at our end is stopped, they and I walked into the town, and find Fanchurch-streeete, Gracious-streeete; and Lumbard-streeete all in dust. The Exchange a sad sight, nothing standing there, of all the statues or pillars, but Sir Thomas Gresham’s picture in the corner. Walked into Moorefields (our feet ready to burn, walking through the towne among the hot coles), and find that full of people, and poor wretches carrying their good there, and every body keeping his goods together by themselves (and a great blessing it is to them that it is fair weather for them to keep abroad night and day); drank there, and paid two-pence for a plain penny loaf.
Thence homeward, having passed through Cheapside and Newgate Market, all burned, and seen Anthony Joyce’s House in fire. And took up (which I keep by me) a piece of glasse of Mercers’ Chappell in the streeete, where much more was, so melted and buckled with the heat of the fire like parchment. I also did see a poor cat taken out of a hole in the chimney, joyning to the wall of the Exchange; with, the hair all burned off the body, and yet alive. So home at night, and find there good hopes of saving our office; but great endeavours of watching all night, and having men ready; and so we lodged them in the office, and had drink and bread and cheese for them. And I lay down and slept a good night about midnight, though when I rose I heard that there had been a great alarme of French and Dutch being risen, which proved, nothing. But it is a strange thing to see how long this time did look since Sunday, having been always full of variety of actions, and little sleep, that it looked like a week or more, and I had forgot, almost the day of the week.